<u>Year 4 English</u> <u>Remote learning</u> <u>Week beginning</u> <u>Monday 8th February 2021</u>

This pack contains

• 4 lessons and 4 tasks (Friday 12^{th} is an INSET day)

This week, we are going to be writing a poem about Boudicca!

<u>Your teachers need to see the poems that you write on</u> <u>Thursday. Once you have finished your poem, please email</u> <u>to year4@elson-jun.hants.sch.uk</u>

<u>English: Lesson 1</u> Can I collect vocabulary to use in my poem?

<u>Starter:</u> Label the picture with all of the nouns that you can see. For example,

horse.



<u>Task</u>: Now that you have found all of the nouns, collect adjectives (describing words) about each of them. Use a thesaurus to up level your vocabulary and add it to your page. You can find an online thesaurus here.

Have a look at the next page to check that you have found all of the nouns.

English: Lesson 2 Can I use similes in my poem?



<u>Starter</u>: Can you write a two phrases to describe Boudicca using alliteration? Remember that alliteration is when the words start with the same sound. For example, *fearless fighter, courageous Celt*.

<u>Task:</u> Watch the video below to remind yourself what a simile is: <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zmfc7ty/articles/zrrhpg8#:~:text=A%20</u> <u>simile%20compares%20two%20things,to%20engage%20and%20absorb%20them</u>. Then, look at the images below and complete matching activity on the next slide.



the Celts charged like	a tornado had ripped through the it.	the battle field looked like	loud as a lion's roar terrifying her enemy.	Boudicca's eye lit up
quickly as a flash of lightning	Boudicca raised her sword as	a bloat of angry hippos	Boudicca screamed as	like spot lights highlighting her enemy

Your task is to match up the sentences so that each one includes a simile. Once you have matched them up, read the sentences to make sure that it makes sense. Then, can you put the punctuation in?

English: Lesson 3 Can I use metaphors in my poem?

<u>Starter:</u> Watch the video below to tell you about similes and metaphors. Then, complete the task on the slide 6. <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/zfkk7ty/articles/z9tkxfr</u>

<u>Task:</u>

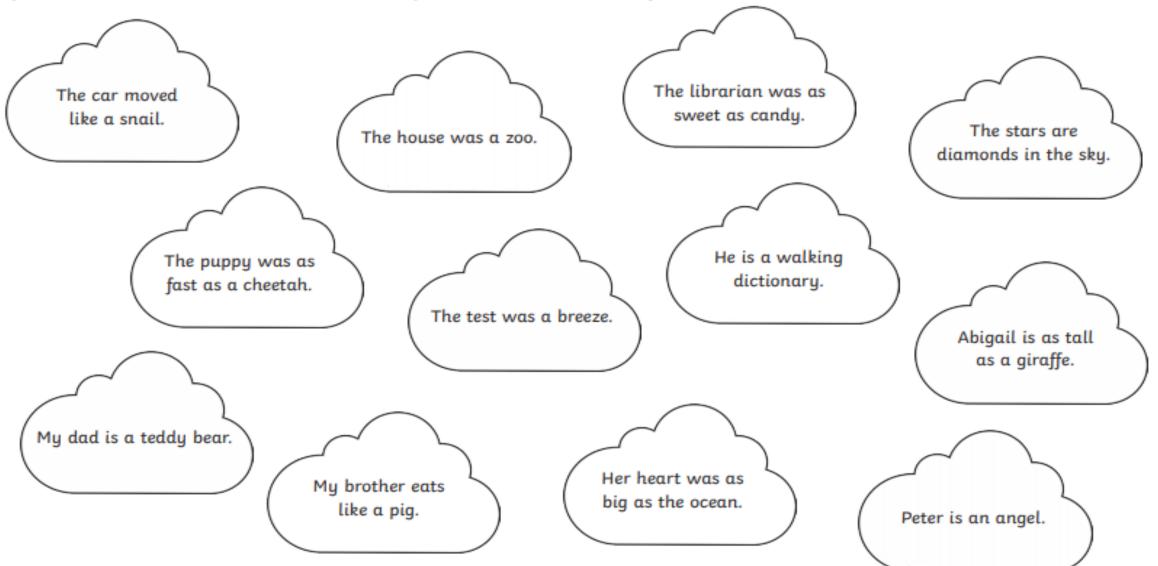
Today, we are going to look at metaphors. Remember, a metaphor is when you say something is something else. For example, *Boudicca's hazel marbles glared across the battle field*.

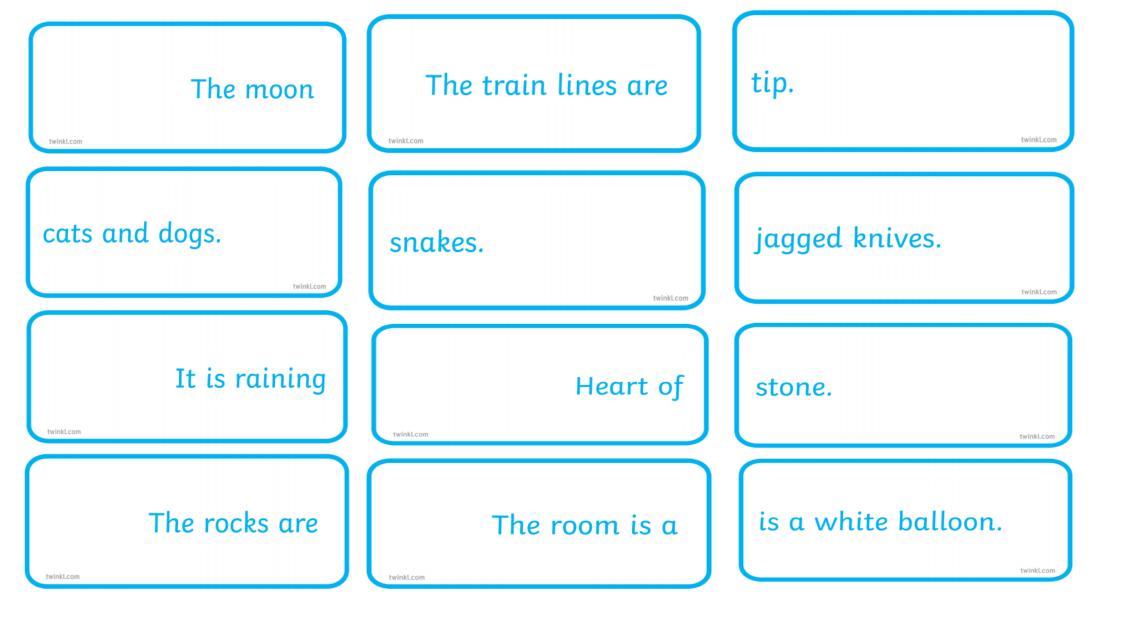
Your task today is to match up the cards on slide 7 to create some common metaphors.

<u>Challenge:</u> Could you change the noun in this sentence to make it a metaphor? The <u>moon</u> shone down to light up the battle about to take place.

Simile or Metaphor?

If the sentence contains a simile, colour it blue. If it is a metaphor, colour it yellow.





<u>Starter:</u> Today, we are going to be writing an acrostic poem. What the video below to remind yourself what this type of poem looks like. <u>https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/topics/z4mmn39/articles/ztdvw6f</u>

<u>Task:</u>

Your task today is to write an acrostic poem about Boudicca. You may use the word Boudicca to use down the side or you may get creative and think of an alternative which still describes Boudicca, for example, warrior, fighter. Your success criteria is on the next slide and your teachers have completed a WAGOLL to help you get started. The main features have been underlined.

Boudicca was a Celtic Queen who had a heart of stone

<u>Obeying her daring, devoted husbands request, she shared Celtic land with the</u> Romans

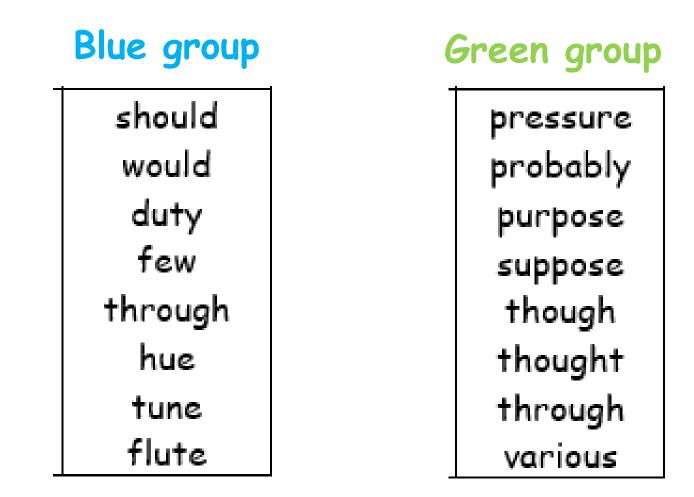
<u>Unbelievably, the Romans rebelled and it made her as furious as a lion unable to catch his prey</u>

Success Criteria	Evidence
- Have you included powerful language?	
- Have you used similes?	
- Have you included metaphors?	
- Have you used alliteration to engage your reader?	

Your teachers need to see your completed poems. Please email them into <u>year4@elson-jun.hants.sch.uk</u>

<u>Year 4 Spelling Remote learning</u> <u>Week beginning - Monday 8th February 2021</u>

Your spelling words for the week to learn are...



<u>Lesson 1 - Homophones</u>

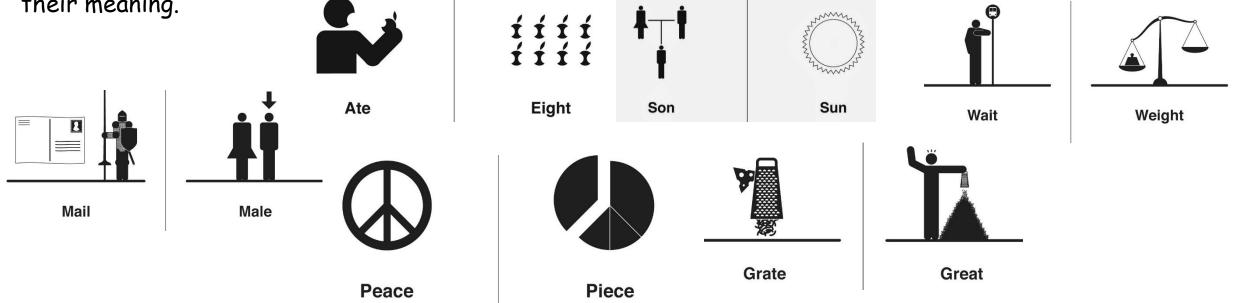
Look at these pairs of words:

peace/piece, main/mane, fare/fair, scene/seen, mail/male, bawl/ball, brake/break, grate/great, eight/ate, weight/wait, son/sun, meat/meet, not/knot

What do they all have in common?

They are homophones – words which sound the same but have different meanings and spellings.

Task 1: Help Neville/Loona learn about these words by choosing five pairs then drawing pictures to show their meaning.



Task 2: Homophone hunt - Can you think of any other homophones? Make a list on your boards

<u>Lesson 2 – The 'ear' sound</u>

Task 1: Click here to listen to the 'ear' sound.

The 'ear' sound is made from these spellings

ear, eer, ere

Task 2: Read the story and find as many words with the 'ear' sound as you can.

Task 3: Make a list in your homework books.

ear	eer	ere

The Deer and the Meerkat.

One day Monty the Meerkat was out looking for some food. He was near a clear lake and ran over to find a worm in the damp ground.

When Monty found a worm near the lake he gave a big cheer. When he cheered he made a nearby deer jump with fear, and the deer ran into Monty. Monty could not move.

"Oh dear," said the deer, "I appear to have hurt a meerkat here."

The deer put Monty on its back and walked near to the clear lake. He gently washed Monty, and smeared the clear water all over him.

Monty woke up. "Oh dear," he said, "I have a very sore head!"

The deer took Monty home. "I will live near to you for a year", said the deer, "and help you to get better."

So Monty and the deer became good friends, and after a year they gave a big cheer when Monty was better again. They wanted to live near each other for many many years.

Lesson 3 - First to five game

Play 'First To Five' with the cards.

Cut out the cards and place face down in pile.

Take turns to pick up a card and read it to your partner.

If you spell the words correctly, you keep the card.

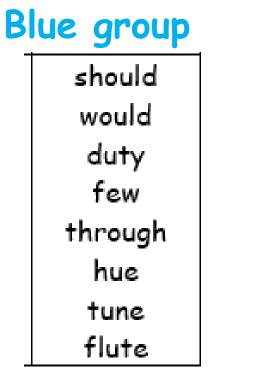
First person to collect 5 cards wins. Shuffle & repeat.

If you don't have someone to play with you, can make up your own game to learn the words?

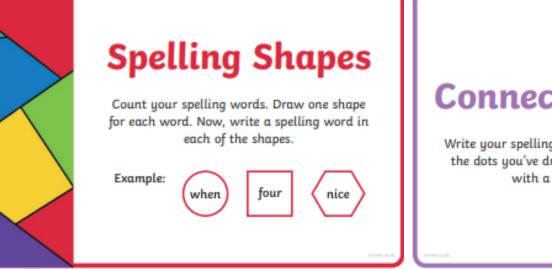
m <mark>eer</mark> kat	clear	f <mark>ear</mark>	sm <mark>ea</mark> red
app <mark>ear</mark>	near	dear	y <mark>ear</mark> s
deer	n <mark>ear</mark> by	cheer	here

<u>Lesson 4 – Spelling practise</u>

Have a look at the next three slides and pick some fun ways to learn your spellings!



Green group pressure probably purpose suppose though though through various



Connect the Dots

Write your spelling words using dots. Connect the dots you've drawn by tracing over them with a coloured pencil.



Spelling Flowers

Draw a big flower. Write each of your spelling words on one of the petals.

Here are some ways you could learn your spellings!



Here are some ways you could learn your spellings!

